

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1.	Identificatio	n

 Product identifier
 Isobutane

 Other means of identification
 3

 SDS number
 3

 Recommended use
 Fuel.

 Recommended restrictions
 None known.

 Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information

Company name Address Telephone E-mail Contact person Emergency phone number DCP Midstream 370 17 Street Suite 2500 Denver, CO 80202 (303) 595-3331 safety@dcpmidstream.com Mark Prewitt CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS: 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard symbol

Physical hazards

Health hazards

OSHA hazard(s) Label elements Not classified.

Flammable gases

Gases under pressure

Category 1

Liquefied gas



Signal word Hazard statement	Danger Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
Response	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Not classified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture Hazardous components

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Isobutane		75-28-5	95
Butane		106-97-8	2-5
Propane		74-98-6	0-3

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Skin contact	Frostbite: Do not removed clothes, but flush with copious amounts of lukewarm water. Call an ambulance and continue to flush during transportation to the hospital.
Eye contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

NFPA 704 Hazard Class Health: 1 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 (0-Minimal, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serie	ous, 4-Severe)
Suitable extinguishing media	Carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Cylinders can burst violently when heated, due to excess pressure build-up. Gas may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. May form explosive mixtures with air.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Evacuate area. Allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep public away from danger area. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not breathe gas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Allow gas to dissipate into the atmosphere.
Environmental precautions	Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.

7. Handling and storage

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. Vapors may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not breathe gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. The product is extremely flammable. May form explosive mixtures with air. Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Provide adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (NORM)

This product may contain detectable quantities of Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (NORM) above background levels. This NORM material consists of small amounts of radon, a naturally occurring radioactive gas; and the solid decay products of radon, called radon daughters. Transport vessels should be assessed for gamma radiation; access around the equipment may need to be restricted in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.96. For vessel entry, this equipment should be assumed to be internally contaminated with long half-life decay products that emit beta and alpha radiation, which is a radiation hazard if inhaled or ingested.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
U.S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	i		
Components	Туре	Value	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemi	cal Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	REL	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	REL	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	REL	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Biological limit values Appropriate engineering	No biological exposure limits noted	for the ingredient(s).	
Controls	Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.		
Individual protection measures, su	ch as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection Skin protection	Risk of contact: Wear safety glasses with side shields.		
Hand protection Other	Wear cold insulating gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by a glove supplier. Wear suitable protective clothing.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective	clothing, when necessary.	

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colorless gas.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Liquefied gas.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not avail	able.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	10.4 °F (-12°C)
Flash point	-117.4 °F (-83 °C) Estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Extremely flammable gas.
Upper/lower flammability or explosiv Flammability limit – lower (%)	e limits 2.0 %
Flammability limit – lower (%)	2.0 %
Flammability limit – lower (%) Flammability limit – upper (%)	2.0 % 8.8 %
Flammability limit – lower (%) Flammability limit – upper (%) Vapor pressure	2.0 % 8.8 % 70 - 75 (37.8°C / 100°F)
Flammability limit – lower (%) Flammability limit – upper (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density	2.0 % 8.8 % 70 - 75 (37.8°C / 100°F) Not available.
Flammability limit – lower (%) Flammability limit – upper (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density	2.0 % 8.8 % 70 - 75 (37.8°C / 100°F) Not available. 0.56 (Water=1)
Flammability limit – lower (%) Flammability limit – upper (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Relative density temperature	2.0 % 8.8 % 70 - 75 (37.8°C / 100°F) Not available. 0.56 (Water=1) 60 °F (15.6 °C)
Flammability limit – lower (%) Flammability limit – upper (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Relative density temperature Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient	2.0 % 8.8 % 70 - 75 (37.8°C / 100°F) Not available. 0.56 (Water=1) 60 °F (15.6 °C) Not available.
Flammability limit – lower (%) Flammability limit – upper (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Relative density temperature Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	2.0 % 8.8 % 70 - 75 (37.8°C / 100°F) Not available. 0.56 (Water=1) 60 °F (15.6 °C) Not available. Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	None under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions.
Possibility of hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition Products	Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure		
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product.	
Inhalation	Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness. Suffocation(asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels.	
Skin contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.	
Eye contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.	
Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity	This product is an asphyxiant gas which can cause unconsciousness/death if OXYGEN levels are sufficiently reduced.	

Components	Species	Test Results
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	658 mg/l, 4 Hours
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	52 mg/l, 1 Hour
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 1442.847 mg/l, 15 minutes
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not likely, due to the form of the product.	
Serious eye damage/eye Irritation	May cause eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.	
Skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.	
Carcinogenicity	No data available.	
Isobutane		

Reproductive toxicity	No data available.	
Specific target organ toxicity -		
single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard Chronic effects	Not available. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.	
Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)		
Propane	2.36	
Isobutane	2.76 2.89	
Butane	2.09	
Mobility in soil	Not available.	
Other adverse effects	Not established.	
13. Disposal considerations		
Disposal instructions	Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed, controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration.	
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.	
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 $^\circ F$	
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.	
Contaminated packaging	Not applicable.	
14. Transport information		
DOT UN number		
UN number UN proper shipping name	UN1969 Isobutane	
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	
Subsidary class(es)	Not available.	
Packing group Special precautions for user	Not available. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
Labels required	2.1	
Special provisions	19, T50	
Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk	306 304	
Packaging bulk	314, 315	
UN number UN proper shipping name	UN1969 Isobutane	
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	
Subsidary class(es) -		
Packaging group Labels required	Not available. Not available.	
ERG Code	10L	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	

IMDG UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Subsidary class(es) - Packaging group Labels required EmS Special precautions for user Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	UN1969 ISOBUTANE 2.1 Not available. F-D, S-U Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not applicable	
15. Regulatory information		
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
Not regulated.	Ance List (40 CFR 302.4) 97-8) LISTED •28-5) LISTED •98-6) LISTED	
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical	No Yes	
Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated. Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number Not listed. Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) Not regulated. DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number Not regulated. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.		
US state regulations	This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.	
US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane(CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) US. New Jersey Worker and Commun Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		

Isobutane(CAS 75-28-5) 500 LBS Propane (CAS 115-07-1) 500 LBS US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane(CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) US. Rhode Island RTK Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane(CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance Not listed. International Inventories Country(s) or region Inventory name

 Country(s) or region
 Inventory name

 Canada
 Domestic Substances List (DSL)

 Canada
 Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

 United States & Puerto Rico
 Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory
 On inventory (yes/no)* Yes No

Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last version

Issue date 11-28-2012 Revision date 2-4-2013 Version # 01 Further information Not available. References ACGIH EPA: Acquire database NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents Disclaimer This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.